

L 12052-66

ACC NR: AP6002653

tion and echo, which were already predicted and observed. Excitation of gravitonic induction and echo differs from excitation of photonic induction and echo in that the external pulsed action gives rise to quantum superposition states not of electric multipoles but of a tremendous number of multipole moments of the masses of molecules, ions, or nuclei. The oscillations of the latter cause radiation not of coherent electromagnetic waves (CEW), but of CGW. Both the electromagnetic superradiating state and the gravitonic superradiating state can be produced by laser pumping, and by producing a superradiating electromagnetic state with a laser pump one can also force by the same token a tremendous number of mass multipoles to precess. A serious obstacle on the path of realization of a CGW generator is the electromagnetic radiative damping of the superradiating state. The damping time, however, can be lengthened many orders of magnitude by reducing the probability of spontaneous CEW emission via enclosing the radiation in an electromagnetic resonator and retaining the CEW radiation in the resonator. On the other hand, the intensity of CGW emission is not noticeably changed thereby, since the electromagnetic resonator cannot confine the gravitational waves, the CGW emission will take place just as in free space. It is best to receive the CGW by means of the same medium as is used for generation, but thoroughly shielded against the action of CWE. Preliminary calculations presented by the author show that single-mode powerful.

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L 12052-66

ACC NR: AP6002653

6

lasers can emit a measurable power also in the form of CGW, amounting to 10^{-10} times the electromagnetic power delivered by the laser, and is therefore measurable. Authors are grateful to A. S. Borovik-Romanov and Ya. B. Zel'dovich for valuable remarks. Orig. art. has: 6 formulas. '4 55 44 55

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 18Oct65/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 006

GC

Card 3/3

L 25690-66 EWT(m)/T

ACC NR: AP6002725

SOURCE CODE: UR/0056/65/049/006/1836/1842
63
62

AUTHOR: Negibarov, V. R.

ORG: Kazan' Physicotechnical Institute, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Kazanskiy fiziko-tehnicheskij institut Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: Quadrupole and nuclear spin interaction via the optical phonon virtual field

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noj i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 49, no. 6, 1965,
1836-1842

TOPIC TAGS: quadrupole moment, nuclear spin, phonon interaction, electric field, spin relaxation, optic transition, dipole interaction, crystal lattice vibration

ABSTRACT: The author considers the influence of the interaction between the quadrupole moment (of the nuclei and electron shells) and the gradient of the electric field of optical oscillations in a crystal, on the cross relaxation transitions in a system of nuclear spins and orbital levels of impurity particles. The energy migration over the orbital levels via the optical-phonon virtual field is also considered. An expression is derived for the electric field gradient in the longitudinal and transverse directions, after which the probabilities of the nuclear transitions are derived. It is shown that at distances of the order of the lattice constant the probabilities of orientation of the nuclear spins, due to the interaction of the quadrupole moments of the nuclei via the virtual field of the optical phonons, can be of the same order as the probabilities of analogous processes due to magnetic dipole-dipole interactions.

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L 25690-66

ACC NR: AP6002725

For distances r_{ij} between quadrupoles of the order of the lattice parameters, the cross relaxation transition probability varies like $1/r_{ij}^{10}$ for distances greatly exceeding the lattice constant it varies like $1/r_{ij}^4$ and $1/F_{ij}$. Numerical estimates indicate that processes of this type have high efficiency. Author thanks U. K. Kopwillem for interest in the work and valuable remarks. Orig. art. has: 17 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 11Jun65/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

L 31179-66 EWT(1) GG
ACC NR: AP6006835

SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/66/008/002/0484/0492
41
42
43

AUTHOR: Nagibarov, V. R.

ORG: Kazan Physicotechnical Institute AN SSSR (Kazanskiy fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN SSSR)

TITLE: Raman interaction processes through a phonon field

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 2, 1966, 484-492

TOPIC TAGS: Raman effect, phonon, relaxation process, crystal lattice vibration

ABSTRACT: The author considers interaction through a field of phonons between particles with noncoincident energy splitting, i. e. excitation is accompanied by production or annihilation of lattice vibration quanta. The effect of these transitions on relaxation processes in systems containing various impurities is also discussed. The Hamiltonian is given for a system of two particles, a sensitizer and an acceptor, in a crystal lattice. A diagram is given showing the transitions in this system of bound particles. It is shown that Raman processes of interaction through a field of phonons are an effective mechanism for transfer of excitation

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L 31179-66

ACC NR: AP6006835

energy between impurity particles at frequencies above and below the Debye frequency of the solvent. The probability of energy transfer from a sensitizer particle to any accepter particle is calculated. The relaxation characteristics of the system are studied in the microwave and optical regions. It is found that Raman cross relaxation processes through a phonon field are possible between discrete states of various nature, e. g. between Zeeman and orbital impurity levels. The expressions derived in this paper may be used with slight variations for Raman cross relaxation transition accompanied by absorption of lattice vibration quanta. In conclusion I thank U. Kh. Kopwillem for interest in the work and valuable consultation. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 17 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 10Mar65/ ORIG REF: 011/ OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2 LC

L 36435-66 EWT(1)

ACC NR: AP6015422

SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/005/0809/0813

AUTHOR: Kopvillem, U. Kh.; Nagibarov, V. R.

ORG: none

TITLE: Effect of collective interactions on the form of optical lines and energy transfer processes

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 5, 1966, 809-813

TOPIC TAGS: dipole interaction, spectral line, Brownian motion, phonon, excitation energy, potential energy, line broadening

ABSTRACT: The effect of electric and magnetic dipole-dipole interactions on the broadening of spectral lines and the processes of diffusion of excitations in the optical range are treated, taking into account the processes of resonance and relaxation mechanisms of excitation transfer. H_δ interactions ($\delta = 1, 2, 3$), which determine the broadening of spectral lines and the lifetime of optically active centers $j (= 1, \dots)$ in the excited state Ψ_j , are discussed: (1) electric dipole-dipole interactions via virtual states; (2) orbital magnetic dipole-dipole interactions via virtual states; (3) two-particle multipole-multipole interactions with the participation of phonons or Brownian motion quanta. The mechanisms of resonance transfer of potential energy quanta (magnons) between particles are examined. An expression is ob-

UDC: 535.337

Card 1/2

L 36435-66

ACC NR: AP6015422

tained for the coefficient of diffusion of excitation energy for Cr³⁺ in Al₂O₃ and MgO. Orig. art. has 9 formulas.

SUB CODE: ~~EE~~ 20/ SUBM DATE: 05Sep64/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 007

Card 2/2 *bw*

L 36436-66 EWT(1)/T IJP(c) GG

ACC NR: AP6015423

SOURCE CODE: UR70051/66/020/005/0814/0822

AUTHOR: Nagibarov, V. R.; Nagibarova, I. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Interaction between impurity particles via the phonon field

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 5, 1966, 814-822

TOPIC TAGS: phonon, metastable state, luminescence center, crystal impurity, dipole interaction

ABSTRACT: The interaction of impurity particles in a crystal lattice via the phonon field of the solvent matrix, leading to energy transfer processes between these particles, is treated theoretically. It is shown that for a Debye model of the crystal, in the visible region of the spectrum, the probability of energy transfer $W \sim Ar^{-4}$, where A is a constant dependent on the nature of the dissolved particles and on the solvent, and r is the distance between the interacting particles. In the range of frequencies below the Debye frequency, $W \sim Ar^{-3}$. Estimates of the order of magnitude yield values which may substantially exceed the reciprocal lifetime of the metastable states. The mechanism considered is predominant when the dipole-dipole interactions are forbidden by the selection rules, and also in cases where the concentration of the impurity centers is insignificant. It is concluded that the interaction via the

UDC: 548.0:620.192.001.1

Card 1/2

L 36436-66

ACC NR: AP6015423

phonon field constitutes a very effective means of energy transfer in optical systems and should influence many processes which involve the participation of metastable states. It is possible that the triplet-triplet transfer is due in many cases precisely to such a mechanism of interaction between luminescent centers. In conclusion, the authors express their thanks to U. Kh. Kopwillem for interest in the work and useful comments. Orig. art. has: 16 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 31Dec64/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: 005

Card

2/2 b/w

L 45795..66 ENT(1) IJP(c) 2M/GG
ACC NR: AR6023269

SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/003/D050/D050

AUTHOR: Kopvillem, U. Kh.; Nagibarov, V. R.

TITLE: Quantum-statistical theory of Stark broadening of optical-resonance lines

SOURCE: Ref zh. Fizika, Abs. 3D425

REF. SOURCE: Tr. Komis. po spektroskopii. AN SSSR, t. 3, vyp. 1, 1964, 52-60

TOPIC TAGS: quantum statistics, group theory, Stark effect, quantum resonance phenomenon, resonance line, spin orbit interaction, particle interaction, electromagnetic interaction

ABSTRACT: On the basis of the method of the quantum aftereffect function, a theory is developed for the line contours of optical resonance in crystals at low temperatures. Allowance is made for the contribution due to the scatter of the intercrystalline electric fields, the spin-orbit interaction constant, and two-particle electric and magnetic multipole-multipole interactions. The operators of these interactions are expressed in the form of a contraction of irreducible symmetrical tensors, corresponding to definite point symmetry groups. In the case of single-particle inter-

Card 1/2

L 45745-50
ACC NR: AR6023269

actions and samples with small concentration of the resonant particles, an explicit closed expression is obtained for the sum of the perturbation series in terms of the internal interactions in the crystal. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 20

Card 2/2 13

NAGIBAROVA, I.A.

Kinetic phase transitions and the nature of cell potentials. Biophysika
10 no.2:356-358 '65.
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Kazanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Ul'yanova-Lenina.

L 36436-66 EWT(1)/T IJP(c) GG

ACC NR: AP6015423

SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/005/0814/0822

61
62
63
64

AUTHOR: Nagibarov, V. R.; Nagibarova, I. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: Interaction between impurity particles via the phonon field

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 5, 1966, 814-822

TOPIC TAGS: phonon, metastable state, luminescence center, crystal impurity, dipole interaction

ABSTRACT: The interaction of impurity particles in a crystal lattice via the phonon field of the solvent matrix, leading to energy transfer processes between these particles, is treated theoretically. It is shown that for a Debye model of the crystal, in the visible region of the spectrum, the probability of energy transfer $W \sim Ar^{-4}$, where A is a constant dependent on the nature of the dissolved particles and on the solvent, and r is the distance between the interacting particles. In the range of frequencies below the Debye frequency, $W \sim Ar^{-3}$. Estimates of the order of magnitude yield values which may substantially exceed the reciprocal lifetime of the metastable states. The mechanism considered is predominant when the dipole-dipole interactions are forbidden by the selection rules, and also in cases where the concentration of the impurity centers is insignificant. It is concluded that the interaction via the

UDC: 548.0:620.192.001.1

Card 1/2

L 36436-66

ACC NR: AP6015423

phonon field constitutes a very effective means of energy transfer in optical systems and should influence many processes which involve the participation of metastable states. It is possible that the triplet-triplet transfer is due in many cases precisely to such a mechanism of interaction between luminescent centers. In conclusion, the authors express their thanks to U. Kh. Kopvilem for interest in the work and useful comments. Orig. art. has: 16 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 31Dec64/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: 005

Card 2/2 *gjv*

NAGIBEDA, N.I. (Leningrad, 95, Pr.Stachek, d.21, kv.60)

From the pages of a Chinese surgical periodical (1953-1958).
(MIRA 14:7)
(CHINA-CANCER)

NAGIBIN, A.A., inzhener.

Device for measuring the moisture content of paper web. Bum.prom 31
no.10:18-19 O '56. (MLRA 10:1)
(Paper industry) (Electronic instruments)

NAGIBIN, ~~A.~~ inzhener.

Device for automatic stretching of wire and felt. Bum. prom. 32 no.5:
22-23 My '57. (MLRA 10:6)
(Papermaking machinery) (Automatic control)

NAGIBIN, A.A., inzh.; SHCHIPUNOV, V.I., inzh.

Device for the automatic control of the amount of pulp in liquor-flow.
Bum. prom. 36 no.9:28-30 S '61. (MIRA 15:1)
(Papermaking machinery) (Automatic control)

L 34872-66 EWT(d)/EWP(v)/EWP(k)/EWP(h)/EWP(l) BC

ACC NR: AR6014188

SOURCE CODE: UR/0271/65/000/011/A051/A051

AUTHOR: Nagibin, A. A.

12

TITLE: Decimal scalers (ring counters) using gas-discharge switches

B

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Avtomatika, telemekhanika i vychislitel'naya tekhnika, Abs. 11A589REF SOURCE: Sb. tr. Vses. n.-i. in-t Gosnaka, vyp. 4, 1964, 204-215TOPIC TAGS: scaler, automatic control, automatic control system, automatic control theory

ABSTRACT: A PD-10M scaler that uses dekatrons was developed in the VNII Goznak. The scaling decade is a self-contained unit which comprises an amplifying-and-shaping circuit, a gas-discharge A-101 dekatron, a 10-point program switch, and a diode coincidence circuit. The supply, switching, input, and output of signals are realized through a plug connector. A slave blocking generator is employed for shaping. Printed circuits are used. Any number of PD-10M scalers can be connected in series, without any intermediate amplifiers or other match elements. A positive count pulse of 3-5 v or higher amplitude ensures stable operation. Five figures. Bibliography of 5 titles. B. U. [Translation of abstract]

SUB CODE: 09 automatic control //

Card 1/1 7/17/5

UDC: 681.124

L 47374-66 ENT(a)/ENT(1)/EMP(v)/T-2/EMP(k)/EMP(h)/EMP(1) W

ACC NR: AP6029071

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/014/0128/0129

INVENTOR: Gerlovin, L. I.; Chernovin, N. A.; Averin, V. A.; Nagibin, A. Ya; Torgashov, A. Li; Aleksandrovskiy, A. A.; Sigachev, V. P.; Mikhaylovskiy, N. M.; Mironov, M. I.

ORG: none

TITLE: Valve with a hydraulic or pneumatic piston drive. Class 47, No. 184084
[announced by the Special Design Office of the Baltic Boiler Building Factory in
Sergo Ordzhonikidze (Spetsial'noye konstruktorskoye byuro kotlestroyeniya Baltiyskogo
zavoda)]

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz lev zn, no. 14, 1966, 128-129

TOPIC TAGS: valve, hydraulic piston drive, pneumatic piston drive, *Hydraulic Device*, *pneumatic device*, *piston engine*

ABSTRACT: The proposed valve with a hydraulic or pneumatic piston drive is designed for opening and closing the through flow-section of main and auxiliary pipings. In order to synchronize the opening and closing of both pipings, its control piston is provided with an annular groove, which, in the open valve position, connects the

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.646.23-82-85

L 4774..66
ACC NR: AP6029071

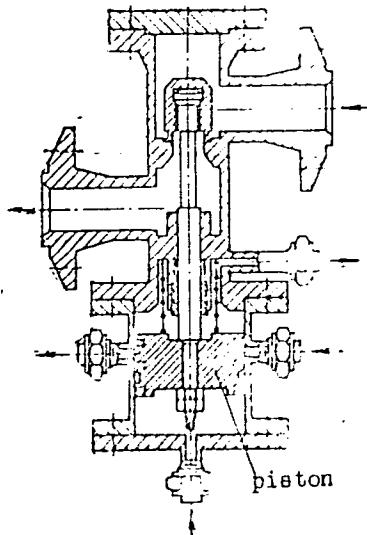


Fig. 1. Piston valve

intake and outlet cavities of the auxiliary piping (see Fig. 1). Orig. art. has:
1 figure.

[AV]

SUB CODE: 21 / SUBM DATE: 11May65 /

Card 2/2 mjs

MAGIBIN, F. F.

23736 METOD MATEMATICHESKOY INDUKTSII V KURSE SREDNEY SHKOLY.
MATEMATIKA V SHKOLE, 1949, NO. 4, S. 21-29

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 31, 1949

NAGIBIN, F.F.(Kirov)

Explanation of the concept of the function in secondary schools.
Mat. v shkole no.4:33-35 Jl-Ag '54. (MLRA 7:7)
(Functions)

BEREZANSKAYA, Yelizaveta Savel'yevna; NAGIBIN, Fedor Fedorovich; LIPESHKINA, N.I., redaktor; RYBIN, I.V., ~~takhnicheskiy~~ redaktor

[Collection of problems and exercises in algebra and trigonometry; for classes 8-10 of the secondary school] Sbornik voprosov i uprazhnenii po algebre i trigonometrii; dlia VIII-X klassov srednei shkoly. Izd. 2-e. Moskva, Gos. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo Ministerstva prosveshcheniya RSFSR, 1955. 159 p.

(MIRA 8:7)

(Algebra--Problems, exercises, etc.)

(Trigonometry--Problems, exercises, etc.)

NAGIBIN, F.F. (Kirov)

Use of motion pictures in a course of mathematics for secondary schools.
Mat. v shkole no. 3:1-4 My-Je '55. (MLRA 8:7)
(Mathematics--Study and teaching) (Motion pictures in education)

BARKOV, I.Ya., otv. red. (g. Chelyabinsk), BUDANTSEV, P.A., red., (g.Orenburg),
GONIN, Ye.G., red., (g. Perm'), KOCHETKOVA, Ye. S., red.,(g.Chelyabinsk),
MAGIBIN, F.P., red.,(g. Kirov), SEMENOVICH, A.Z., red.,(g. Sverdlovsk),
CHAYKOVSKIY, N.A., red.,(g. Ural'sk), YAKOVKIN, M.V., red., MAKHOVA,
M.N., tekhu. red.

[Problems in teaching mathematics in secondary schools; a collection
of articles] Voprosy prepodavaniia matematiki v srednei shkole; sbornik
statei rabotnikov kafedr pedagogicheskikh institutov Ural'skoi
zony. Moskva, Gos. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo M-va prosveshcheniiia
RSFSR, 1958. 350 p.
(Mathematics --Study and teaching)

(MIRA 11:10)

AUTHOR: **Napibin, F.F., (Kirov)** SOV/2-58-12-28/43

TITLE: **Intervuz Scientific and Methodical Conference of Chairs of Mathematics (Konferentsiya matematicheskikh kafedr)**

PERIODICAL: **Vestnik vysshey shkoly, 1958, Nr 12, pp 75 - 76 (USSR)**

ABSTRACT: The yearly scientific-methodical conferences of the chairs of mathematics of the pedagogical institutes of the Ural have become a tradition. The 16th Conference which took place at the Kirovskiy pedagogicheskiy institut (Kirov Pedagogical Institute) was attended by 162 instructors of 50 vuzes from all over the country. Professor A.I. Markushevich, RGFSA Deputy Minister of Education, participated at the conference. At the plenary meetings, the following reports were discussed: Professor V.I. Levin (Moscow) on the development of instruction in mathematics at secondary schools; Professor A.I. Markushevich - on the concept of values; Docent E.A. Trakhtenbrot (Penza) - on the experience gained in teaching the elements of mathematical logic in a pedagogical vuz; Professor L.I. Volkovskiy (Perm') - on the organization of work in a special seminar on mathematics; Docent N.N. Kharin (Kirov) - on contradictions in mathematics. Five sections were functioning during the conference. The reports of the following lecturers were heard: Ye.S. Berezanskaya, V.S. and I.S.

Card 1/2

SOV/3-58-12-28/43
Intervuz Scientific and Methodical Conference of Chairs of Mathematics

Karnatsevich, P.A. Budantsev, and N.G. Kilina. The proceedings of the conference will be published. The next conference will take place in the Orenburgskiy pedagogicheskiy institut (Orenburg Pedagogical Institute) during the winter vacation of 1958/59.

Card 2/2

VAG 187N; F.F.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 30V/2508

16(1)

Matematicheskoye prosvetitel'nye, matematika, reye prepodavaniya,
prirodnaya istoriya, vyp. 4 (Matematicheskaya Education
Mathematics, Its Teaching, Application and Prints), Mr. 4
Kazan, Gosizdat, 1959. 15,000 copies Printed.

Ed.: I.M. Bronshteyn, Editorial Board of Series: I.N. Bronshteyn,
A.I. Markushovich, I.M. Tashch, Ed., J.N. Akhiezer.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for persons without an extensive
mathematical education who are interested in trends in con-
temporary mathematics. The book may be useful to high school
mathematics teachers.

COVERAGE: The book consists of articles, reviews, and scientific
and methodological reports, some of which are translations from
other languages. The state of modern mathematics is covered,
including applications, history, teaching of mathematics in
schools, and mathematical development in the USSR and abroad.
One section deals with scientific and pedagogical life in the
USSR and another contains reviews of certain mathematical publica-
tions. Some mathematical background is necessary to understand
the book's certain articles require a knowledge of higher mathe-
matics.

Mathematical Education, (Cont.)

30V/2508

- 4. Without the Use of Cardan Formulas 208
- Sokol', I.N. Two Tests of Divisibility by Any Odd Number 208
- Not Ending in 5 209
- IV. SCIENTIFIC AND PEDAGOGICAL CHRONICLE
- Nedibin, P.Z. The 16th Conference of Mathematics Departments of
Pedagogical Institutes in the Urals Region 213
- Zmolyanitsky, M.L. Meeting of Teachers of Correspondence Pedagogical
Institutes of the RSFSR 214
- Talaf, L.Ya. On the Joint Scientific-Methodological Seminar of
the Mathematics Departments of Moscow Vuzzes 219
- Innovations in Mathematical Science - Methodological Seminar of
I. Muchnik, A.A., and R. Fritters. The Problem of the
Recursive Nature of Enumerable Sets 227

Card 6/6 219

BERZANSKAYA, Yelizaveta Savil'yevna; KOLMOGOROV, Nikolay Andreyevich;
NAGIBIN, Fedor Fedorovich; CHERKASOV, Rostislav Semenovich;
LEPESHKINA, N.I., red.; GOLOVKO, B.N., tekhn.red.; KORNEYEVA,
V.I., tekhn.red.

[Collection of problems and exercises on geometry; textbook for
secondary school teachers] Sbornik zadach i voprosov po geo-
metrii; posobie dlia uchitelei srednei shkoly. Moskva, Gos.
uchebno-pedagog.izd-vo M-va prosv.RSSSR, 1959. 207 p.
(MIRA 13:10)

(Geometry--Problems, exercises, etc.)

NAGIBIN, F.F. (Kir^{ov})

Organizing scientific research in the field of mathematical
methodology. Mat. v shkole no.1:59-61 Ja-F '59.
(MIRA 12:1)

(Mathematics)

KAGIBIN, V.V. (Kirov)

sixteenth conference of mathematical departments of the
institutes of the Urals Zone. Mat. pros. no. 4:213-217 (1960).
(Mathematics--Congresses)

(Mathematics--Congresses)

BUDANTSEV, P.A., red. (g.Orenburg); KARNATSEVICH, V.S., red. (g.Tyumen'); KOIMOGOROV, N.A., red.[g.Kirov]; KOCHETKOVA, Ye.S., red. (g.Chelyabinsk); NAGIBIN, F.F., red. (g.Kirov); YAKOVKIN, M.V., red.; SHCHEPTEVA, T.A., tekhn. red.

[Teaching mathematics in secondary schools; second collection of articles by the stabl members of the Ural pedagogical institutes]
Voprosy prepodavaniia matematiki v srednei shkole; vtoroi sbornik statei rabotnikov kafedr pedagogicheskikh institutov Ural'skoi zony. Posobie dlja uchitelsi. Moskva, Gos. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo M-va prosv. RSFSR, 1960. 214 p.
(Mathematics—Study and teaching)

NAGIBIN, F.F. (Kirov)

Conference of graduates of the Kirovo Pedagogical Institut.
Mat.v shkole no.4:92-93 Jl-ag '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Education--Congresses)

NACIBIN, Fedor Fedorovich; PONOMAREV, S.A., red.; KARPOVA, T.V., tekhn.
red.

[Mathematical chest] Matematicheskaya shkatulka. Izd.2. Moskva,
Gos. uchebno-pedagog. izd-vo M-va prosv. RSFSR, 1961. 164 p.
(MIRA 14:11)
(Mathematics--Juvenile literature)

POTOTSKIY, Mikhail Vladimirovich; BESKIN, N.M., dots., retsenzent;
VEYTSMAN, I.B., retsenzent; GIBSH, I.A., dots., retsenzent
[deceased]; LYAPIN, S.Ye., prof., retsenzent; MAGIBIN, F.F.,
dots., retsenzent; MENCHINSKAYA, N.A., prof., retsenzent;
UMANSKIY, G.S., red.; MAKAROVA, N.F., tekhn. red.

[Pedagogical basis of the teaching of mathematics; a manual
for teachers] O pedagogicheskikh osnovakh obuchenia matema-
tike; posobie dlja uchitelei. Moskva, Uchpedgiz, 1963. 198 p.
(MIRA 17:1)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii pedagogicheskikh nauk RSFSR
(for Menchinskaya).

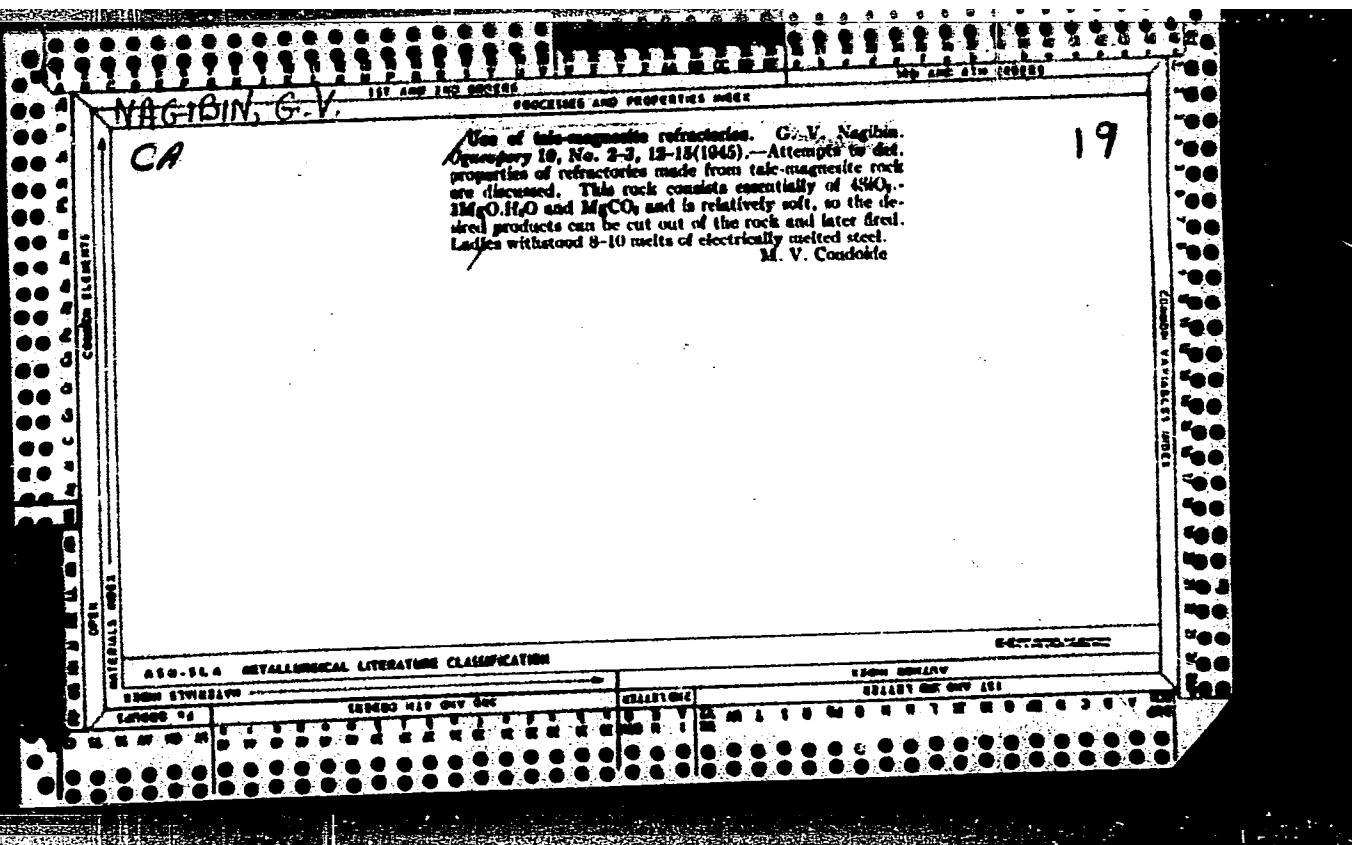
KILEVA, N.G.; KAGIBIN, F.F. (Kirov)

Some methodological problems in elementary algebra. Mat. v shkole
no.4:73-76 Jl-Ag '73. (MILW 16:9)
(Algebra—Study and teaching)

NAGIBIN, G. A.

Nagibin, G. A. "Mistakes in diagnosing an abscess of the lungs and tuberculosis,"
Voyen. - med. zhurn., 1948, No. 12, p. 14-23

SO: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh Statey, N. 1, 1949



NAGIBIN, G. V.

NAGIBIN, G.V., inzh.

Paying attention to efficiency promoters guarantees creative
successes. Izobr. v SSSR 2 no.9:42-45 S '57. (MIRA 10:10)
(Efficiency, Industrial)
(Suggestion systems)

AUTHOR:

Nagibin, G. V.

72-2-7/10

TITLE:

Innovators and Inventors of Forward-locking Factories
(Ratsionalizatory i izobretaleli peredovykh zavodov)

PERIODICAL:

Steklo i Keramika, 1957, Vol. 14, No. 2, pp. 26-29 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT:

This is an exhortation urging the introduction of progressive ideas into factory work based on discussions at a conference of innovators and inventors held at the Kremlin in October of 1956. The material for discussion centered around the operations of the Guchkov and Bulganin ceramics factories. At all construction-material factories, inspection competitions are held each year on the introduction of inventions, technical improvements and suggestions of innovators. At the factories mentioned, constant publicity is carried on through posters and other means to get new ideas. Special offices exist to help innovators and inventors. Figures are given of the results attained in increasing production and reducing costs.

Card 1/2

Innovators and Inventors of Forward-looking Factories 72-2-7/10

The table shows a comparison between the two factories covering numbers of suggestions presented, numbers accepted, and numbers adopted, economy effected, numbers of inventors and innovators and average numbers of workers.

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

NAGIBIN, G.V.; BUDNIKOV, P.P., akademik, zasl. deyatel' nauki i tekhniki RSFSR i Ukr.SSR, retsenzent; MATVEYEV, M.A., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; GRONDA, V.I., red.; SHVETSOV, S.V., tekhn. red.

[Principles of building materials technology] Osnovy tekhnologii stroyitel'nykh materialov. Pod red. M.A. Matveeva. Vladimir, Rosvuzizdat, 1963. 363 p. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Akademiya nauk Ukr.SSR, chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Budnikov).
(Building materials)

KALISHNIKOVA, I.M., kand. ekon. nauk; YU-KHE, F.S.; ZAGORCHIK, N.Y.
(deceased); KAI FENKOV, V.D.; MAGIUM, G.V.; RYABOV, A.A.,
red.

[Organization and planning of production in building mate-
rals industry enterprises] / organizatsiya i planirovani-
ye proizvodstva i pereplanninga proizvodstvo stroy-
materialov. [Architectural, construction, 1970. 140 p.]
(MIA R-1)

NAGIBIN, L.M.

Injury to epiphysial cartilage during intramedullary osteosynthesis; experimental studies. Ortop. travm. i protez. 20 no.4:
20-24 Ap '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz Sverdlovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta vosstanovitel'noy khirurgii, travmatologii i ortopedii (dir. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. F.R. Bogdanov) i Gubakhinskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy no.3 (glavnnyy vrach - L.M. Nagibin).

(FRACTURES, exper.

intramedullary mailing, inj. of epiphysial temporary cartilage (Rus))

(CARTILAGE, physiol.

eff. of exper. fract. mailing on epiphysial temporary cartilage (Rus))

NAGIBIN, L.M.

Phalangization of the metacarpal bones. Ortop.travn. i protez.
20 no.7:66-67 J1 '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Iz Gubachinskoy, Permskoy oblasti, gorodskoy bol'nitsy
No.3 (glavnnyy vrach - L.M.Nagibin) - nauchno-opornogo punkta
Sverdlovskogo instituta travmatologii i ortopedii (ispolnyayush-
chiy obyazannosti direktora - prof.T.S.Grigor'yeva).
(HAND--SURGERY)

NAGIBIN, L.M.

Reduction of a hip dislocation by means of a support. Khirurgia
no.8:137-139 Ag '61. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo oteleniya Gubanskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy
No.3 (glavnnyy vrach L.M. Nagibin), opornogo punkta Sverdlovskogo
instituta travmatologii i ortopedii (i. o. dir. - prof. T.S.
Grigor'yeva).

(HIP JOINT--DISLOCATION)

NAGIBIN, L.M.

Intramedullary nailing in children. Ortop., travm.i protez. 22
no. 3:44-45 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz Sverdlovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta travmatologii i ortopedii (dir. - kand.med.nauk Z.P. Lubegina) i opornogo punkta Gubakhinskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy No.3 (glavnnyy vrach - L.M. Nagibin).

(INTERNAL FIXATION IN FRACTURES) (CHILDREN—SURGERY)

NAGIBIN, L.M. (Sverdlovsk 62, ul. Lenina, d.68-b, kv.47)

Effect of extensive destruction of the central portion of the
epiphyseal cartilage on the longitudinal growth of the bone.
Ort. travm. i protez. 23 no.10:27-30 O '62.

(MIPA 17:10)

1. Iz Sverdlovskogo instituta travmatologii i ortopedii (dir..
kand. med. nauk Z.P. Lubegina).

NACIBIN, L.M.

Multiple knife injuries to the heart. Khirurgija no.10:79-80 ¹⁹⁸⁴
(MIRA 18:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut travmatologii i ortopedii
(dir. - kand.med.nauk Z.P.Lubegina), Sverdlovsk.

NAGIBIN, L.M., kand.med.nauk (Sverdlovsk 62, ul.Lenina, d.68-b, kv.47)

Universal forceps-vises for the extraction of pins following
intraosseous osteosynthesis. Ortop., travm. i protez. 26
no.4:76-77 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Iz Sverdlovskogo instituta travmatologii i ortopedii (dir. -
kand.med.nauk Z.P.Lubegina).

NAGIBIN, L. N., Cand of Phys-Math Sci -- (disc) "The Stress in an Isotropic Medium Having Weight and Weakened by Two Circular Apertures of Equal Radius," Moscow, 1959, 7 pp (Institute of Mechanics, Academy of Sciences USSR) (KL, 1-3, 114)

NAGIBIN, L.N. (Moskva)

Stresses in a weighable anisotropic half-plane weakened by two
circular holes. Inzh. sbor. 25:122-135 '59.
(MIRA 13:2)
(Elastic plates and shells)

L 16515-66 EMP EM
ACC NR: AP6002621

SOURCE CODE: UR/0258/65/005/006/1064/1073

AUTHOR: Nagibin, L. N. (Saratov)

ORG: none

TITLE: Stress distribution in an anisotropic plate with two nonsimilar circular holes

SOURCE: Inzhenernyy zhurnal, v. 5, no. 6, 1965, 1064-1073

TOPIC TAGS: stress distribution, stress concentration, complex number, numeric solution, stress analysis

ABSTRACT: The stress distribution is obtained in an anisotropic plate which has been weakened by two nonsimilar circular holes. The plate is assumed to be infinite in extent and the circular hole boundaries are free of external stresses (see Fig. 1). The solution is based on the integral equations obtained by D. I. Sherman (Prikl. Matem. i Mekhan., T. VI, 1942). The analysis consists of determining the stress components σ_x , σ_y , τ_{xy} from the secondary stresses in the plate.

The solution is carried out in the complex plane using the complex functions $\varphi_1(z_1)$ and $\varphi_2(z_2)$ where $z_1 = z + \mu_1 y$ and $z_2 = z + \mu_2 y$. A numerical example is given

Card 1/2

UDC: 624.073

29
B

L 16515-66

ACC NR: AP6002621

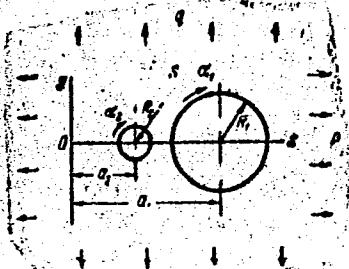


Fig. 1.

for $\mu_1 = 1.89$ i, $\mu_2 = 0.531$ i. Orig. art. has: 27 equations, 2 figures, and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 20 ~~10~~ SUEM DATE: 24 Dec 64 / ORIG REF: 007 / OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 SM

NAGIBIN, M. I. Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "The Vascularization of
the Principal Cartilages of the Skeleton of the Larynx in
Connection With Their ~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ Ossification (Anatomical
Study)." Irkutsk, 1957. 23 pp 20 cm. (Irkutsk State Medical Inst),
220 copies (KL, 28-57, 112)

144-1811, 17.1

USSR/Morphology of Man and Animals (Normal and Pathologic),
Vascular System.

S-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 4, 1958, 17041

Author : Nagibin, M.I.

Inst :

Title : Vascularization of the Basic Cartilages of the Laryngeal
Skeleton in Association with Their Ossification (An Anato-
mic Study).

Orig Pub : Irkutskiy med. in-t, Irkutsk, 1957.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

NAGIBIN, P. N.

Fisheries - Accounting

Fish industry accounting needs urgent changes., Ryb. khoz., 28, no. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, May 1952, Uncl.

MAGIBIN. P.V., gornyy inzh.

Reviewing a textbook ("Economics, organization and planning of production in mine building" by G.I. Popov. Reviewed by P.V. Magibin).
Ugol' Ukr. 4 no.12:39 D '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut.
(Mining engineering) (Popov, G.I.)

NAGIBIN, P.V., inzh.

Concerning A.N. Grammatikov and N.I. Ivanov's book
"Planning and organization of construction in mining enterprises".
Reviewed by P.V. Nagibin. Shakht. stroi. 5 no.5:31-32 My '61.
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut.
(Mine management)
(Grammatikov, A.N.) (Ivanov, N.I.)

NAGIBIN, P.V., gornyy inzh.

Better organization of accounting for general mine expenditures.
Ugol' Ukr. 5 no. 5:35-36 My '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut.
(Coal mines and mining—Accounting)

NAGIBIN, Pavel Vasil'yevich; STANCHENKO, I.K., gornyy inzh., retsenzen;
SURMILLO, G.V., prof., otv. red.; GOLUBYATNIKOVA, G.S., red.
izd-va; BOLDYREVA, Z.A., tekhn. red.; PROZOROVSKAYA, V.L.,
tekhn. red.

[Organization and planning of the construction of mining
enterprises]Organizatsiya i planirovanie stroyitel'stva gorn-
nykh predpriatii. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 504 p.
(MIRA 16:3)
(Mine management)

V.A. M. V. KARVYAKOV, nat.

Effect of chartering the "Ukrainian Association of Incorporation."
Ukr. 7 no. 1034-1 "Ukr. 10:4"

Chernopetrowskiv gornyy institut.

BARSUKOV, Fedor Aleksandrovich; RACHKOVSKIY, Solomon Yakovlevich;NAGIEV,
Pavel Vasil'yevich, kand.ekon.nauk,retsenzent; VELEMET, Yelena
Nikolayevna, retsenzent; FEYGIN, Lazar' Moiseyevich, otv.
red.

[Economic efficiency of capital investments in iron mining]
Ekonomicheskaiia effektivnost' kapital'nykh vlozhenii v zhe-
lezorudnuiu promyshlennost'. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nedra," 1964.
110 p. (MIRA 17:5)

NAGIEIN, P.V., kand. ekonom. nauk

Selection of the optimal pitch for sinking shafts. Shakht.
stroi. 8 no.429-12 Ap'64 (MIRA 17*)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut imeni Artyoma.

NAGIBIN, P.V., kand. ekonom. nauk

Mine construction terminology should be put in good order.
Shakht. stroi. 9 no.9:26-27 S '65. (MIRA 19 9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut imeni Artyoma.

NAGIBIN, V.S. (Moskva)

Accumulation of wind energy. Priroda 54 no.12:125 D '65.
(MIRA 18:12)

26

The separation of the zinc and the pigment industries removal of As from ZnO. D. I. Danovskii and A. N. Nagibulin. *Izvestiya Metal.* 10, No. 17, p. 7, 1947. *Chem. Zentr.* 1943, 1, 1820. Zinc white may contain up to 0.1% of As. By preheating to 800° the charge for smelting of ZnO, As is sublimed before Zn is sufficiently to give a product contg. 0.007% As. In calcined ZnO, As is contained in the form of nonvolatile As_2O_3 ; this cannot be decreased below 0.27% by preheating, but 50-52% of the As can be removed by heating to redness at 800° with 1.5% charcoal, to reduce As_2O_3 to As_2O . Calcining at 900° in a CO atm. removes 94.0% of the As, but reduces a part of the ZnO to metal. Arsenic can be removed from zinc white by extg. with 5% $NaHCO_3$ soln. In tube furnaces, with a charge contg. SiO_2 18.86, Fe 22.58, Al_2O_3 7.25, CaO 12.12, MgO 2.16, S 3.67, Cu 1.16, Pb 0.14, ZnO 22.61 and As 0.001%, only ca. 7% Zn is recovered from the ore, with 10% slag; this is due to the difficulty of attaining the necessary high temp. (1200-1400°) in these furnaces. In crucible furnaces sufficiently high temp. is attained, the slag contains only 0.1-0.2% ZnO, and the extg. consumption is decreased from 40 to 10%; and the content of the slag is lowest when limestone is added to the charge. Sonya G. Machilson

MAGIBIN, V.S.

Theory of obtaining lean waste slags in the process of copper and
nickel ore smelting. Trudy Inst.met. no.5:70-72 '60. (MIRA 13:6)
(Nonferrous metals--Metallurgy)
(Sulfur dioxide)

HAGIBIM, V.S.; AEKHPOVA, A.V.

Determination of metallic manganese in slags. Trudy Inst.met. no.5:
196-197 '60. (MIRA 13:6)

(Slag--Analysis)
(Manganese--Analysis)

S/509/62/000/011/017/019
E071/E351

AUTHORS: Nagibin, V.S. and Ugnivenko, M.G.

TITLE: A colorimetric method for determining antimony in
metallic germanium

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Trudy.
no. 11. Moscow, 1962. Metallurgiya, metallovedeniye,
fiziko-khimicheskiye metody issledovaniya. 221 - 225

TEXT: The method comprises the fusion of a germanium samples
with sodium peroxide, dissolution of the melt in sulphuric acid,
addition of ammonium persulfate and manganese sulfate, double
precipitation of metantimonic acid together with manganese dioxide,
dissolution of the precipitate in sulfuric acid, addition of
potassium iodide with ascorbic acid, and comparing the color
intensity of the yellow complex compounds of antimony with those of
standard solutions of antimony, similarly prepared (or photo-
colorimetrically). The relative error of determination does not
exceed 10%. The experimental procedure is described in some
detail.

Card 1/1

S/509/62/000/011/018/019
E071/E351

AUTHORS: Nagibin, V.S. and Arkhipova, A.V.

TITLE: Determination of tin and titanium in binary alloys

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Trudy.
no. 11. Moscow, 1962. Metallurgiya, metallovedeniye,
fiziko-khimicheskiye metody issledovaniya. 224 - 226

TEXT: The method of determining tin and titanium in industrial
binary alloys was checked. Tin is determined iodometrically
in the presence of titanium; titanium is determined by pre-
cipitation with cupferron after the separation of tin (by
precipitation with hydrogen sulphide in the presence of citric acid).
The tin determination was carried out both in the presence of
vanadium and after separation from vanadium. It was found that the
industrial method of determining tin in the presence of vanadium
was satisfactory. The analytical procedure is described in some
detail. There are 2 tables.

Card 1/1

MAKSIMYCHEVA, Z.T.; BARAYEV, A.; FEL'DMAN, N.M.; BRYNZA, A.P.;
DEGTYARENKO, Ya.A.; NAGIBIN, V.S.; ARKHPOVA, A.V.

Exchange of experience. Zav.lab. 2E no.4:426-427 '62.
(MIRA 15:5)

1. Tashkentskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lenina
(for Maksimycheva, Babayev). 2. Dnepropetrovskiy gosudarstvennyy
universitet (for Fel'dman, Brynza). 3. Lvovskiy politekhnich-
eskiy institut (for Degtyarenko). 4. Institut metallurgii
imeni Baykova (for Nagibin, Arkhipova).

(Metals-- Analysis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135920014-5

FIG. 81. *Scutellaria* (L.) *lanceolata* L.

192
The following table gives the results of the experiments.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135920014-5"

NAGIBIN, V.S.

Permanganometric method for determining selenium in selenites and sulfoselenides of lead. Zav. lab. 30 no. 12:1450 '64.

(MIRA 1841)

L 58716-65 EMT(m)/EPP(n)/EPR/EWP(t)/EWP(b)/EWA(h) PS-4/peb/pu-4 IJP(c)
JW/MW/JG

AN5016875

BOOK EXPLOITATION

UR/

669:543/545+543.42

60

25

37/

Ponomarev, A. I., ed.

Chemical and spectrum analysis in metallurgy; a practical handbook
(Khimicheskiy i spektral'nyy analiz v metallurgii; prakticheskoye
rukovodstvo) Moscow, Izd-vo "Nauka", 1965. 382 p. illus., tables,
index. (At head of title Akademiya nauk SSSR. Gosudarstvennyy
komitet po chernoy i tsvetnoy metallurgii pri Gosplane SSSR,
Institut metallurgii im. A. A. Baykova) Errata slip inserted.
3000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS: analysis, chemical analysis, physicochemical analysis,
spectral analysis, slag analysis, steel analysis, iron analysis,
alloy analysis, pure metal analysis, element determination, rare
earth element determination, impurity determination

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for specialists and
workers at scientific-research and plant laboratories. The book
describes chemical, physicochemical and spectral methods of
analyzing slags, steels, irons, various alloys, and some pure

Cord 1/5

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14

metals. The determination of rare and rare-earth elements is outlined. Part I of the book deals with the analysis of slags and the determination of basic elements and usual impurities, and describes methods of determining rare-earth elements. Part II deals with the analysis of cast irons and steels and describes, the determination of usual components and tungsten and molybdenum in the presence of niobium, as well as the determination of tantalum, niobium and cerium. Part III includes analysis of metallic chromium, niobium, titanium, nickel, and their alloys. Methods of determining cerium, indium, and gallium in metals and alloys are discussed along with the determination of rare-earth elements by applying the chromatographic method. Part IV deals with spectral analysis including photographic and other various methods. The following members of the Institute of Metallurgy participated in the work: A. A. Astanina, V. S. Nagibin, Ye. N. Kunenkova, Yu. I. Bykovskaya, L. I. Veselago, I. A. Golubeva, N. S. Gertsseva, A. S. Slavatincky, A. N. Shteynberg, M. V. Nikitina, and L. M. Danchinskaya.

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AMNU16875

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3. Colorimetric determination [of germanium] in indium-antimony alloys -- 315 31
4. Determination of silicon, tellurium and germanium in silicon-tellurium-germanium alloys -- 315 31
5. Determination of thallium in germanium-thallium alloys -- 316 31
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3. Determination in germanium-indium-phosphorus alloys -- 323
4. Determination in neodymium-indium-magnesium-zirconium
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5. Determination in silicon-indium-vanadium alloys -- 323
6.6. Polarographic determination of cadmium impurities in indium-
antimony and in gallium-antimony alloys -- 324

Ch. XI. Polarographic Determination of Impurities in Yttrium
Alloys -- 328

Part IV. Spectrum Analysis of Steels, Certain Alloys, and Pure
Materials -- 333

SUB CODE: MM SUBMITTED: 19Jan65 NO REF Sov: 133

OTHER: 015 DATE ACC: 03Jun65

Cord 515000A

L-31113-66 EMT(m)/EMT(t)/EMT(z)/EMT(b) IJP(c) JD/HW/JG/GS

ACCESSION NR: AT5023107

UR/0000/65/000/000/0320/0323

47
BT1

AUTHOR: Nagibin, V. S.; Mantsevich, A. D.

TITLE: Determination of molybdenum in nickel-base alloys by the dichromate method

SOURCE: Problemy bol'shoy metallurgii i fizicheskoy khimii novykh splavov (Problems of large-scale metallurgy and physical chemistry of new alloys); k 100-letiyu so dnya rozhdeniya akademika M. A. Pavlova. Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 320-323

TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum, volumetric analysis, oxidation, chromate

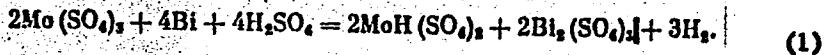
ABSTRACT: Since the conventional gravimetric and volumetric methods of the determination of Mo in Ni-base alloys are complicated and time-consuming and relatively unreliable, the author proposes and describes and experimentally verified method of such determination, the novelty of which lies in that it does not require the prior separation of Mo from Ni and Cr by a NaOH solution. Moreover, then the subsequent oxidation of Mo⁵⁺ to Mo⁶⁺ does not involve the use of solutions of

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ACCESSION NR: AT5023107

potassium permanganate or ammonium vanadate and instead is based on using a 0.1 N solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$. The redox potential of the system $E_0 (Mo^{6+}/Mo^{5+}) = +50$ v, and hence the presence of Cr (Cr^{3+}) and Ni does not interfere with the determination of Mo. The obtained Mo^{6+} is reduced with metallic Bi -- this being the optimal reducing agent in such cases -- in sulfate solutions:



The setup for reducing Mo^{6+} is shown in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. Reductor 1, filled with lumps of Bi metal, is attached to 500-700 cc conic flask 2 plugged with a rubber stopper with three holes. The tube of reductor 1 is inserted into one of these holes, while bent glass tube 3, reaching the bottom of the reaction flask, is inserted into another hole. The other, bent end of tube 3 is attached to a Kipp CO_2 generator filled with marble and HCl (1:3). The third hole in the rubber stopper remains open and serves as an outlet for the CO_2 escaping from the reaction flask. When cock 6 of the Kipp generator is open, CO_2 enters the reaction flask via two washing flasks 4, 5, filled with a 5% solution of $CuSO_4$ and H_2O . In order to oxidize Mo^{5+} , 20-25 cc of 0.1 N solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and several drops of 0.2%

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L-3443-66

ACCESSION NR: AT50231J7

solution of phenylanthranilic acid are added and the excess $K_2Cr_2O_7$ is titrated with Mohr's salt until the violet color changes to yellow-green. The Mo content of the alloy is calculated from the formula $Mo = (A - KS)T \cdot 100/H$, %, where A is the amount of 0.1 N solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ used to oxidize Mo, cc; S is the amount of 0.1 N solution of Mohr's salt used for titration of the excess $K_2Cr_2O_7$ solution, cc; K is the concentration ratio between solutions of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and Mohr's salt; T is the titer of the $K_2Cr_2O_7$ solution, expressed in grams of Mo; and H is the suspension of the alloy. It is established that the accuracy of determination of Mo increases as the amount of Mo increases from 50 to 125 mg. The relative error of determination of Mo by this method is $0.05 \pm 1.99\%$. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: MM, GC

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 000

Card 3/4

L-343-66

ACCESSION NR: AT5023107

ENCLOSURE: 01

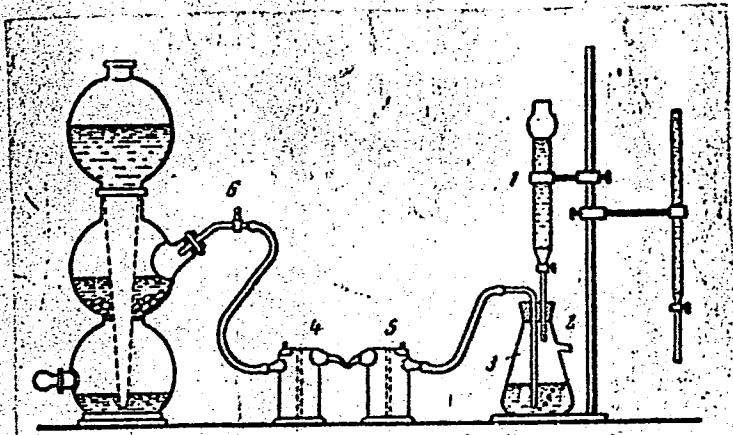


Fig. 1. Diagram of setup for the volumetric determination
of Mo

Card 4/4

NAGIBIN, V. V.

Dissertation: "The Effect of Advanced Working Methods of Machine Tool Operators on the Frequency of Repairs." Cand Tech Sci, Moscow Machine Tool and Tool Inst imeni I. V. Stalin, 30 Jun 54. (Vechernyaya Moskva, Moscow, 22 Jun 54)

SO: SUM 318, 23 Dec 1954

NAGIBIN, V.V.

Treatment of eczema and diffuse neurodermatitis with ACTH
and cortisone in compound therapy. Vest. derm. i ven. 36 no.
10:79-81 '62
(MIRA 16:11)

1. Iz Moskovskoy oblastnoy detskoy kozhno-venerologicheskoy
bol'nitsy (glavnnyy vrach G.I.Yerofeyev).

NAGIBIN, V.V.

Experience in the treatment of fungiform mycosis with the antibiotic aurantin. Sov. med. 28 no.9. 23-27. 3 '65. (MFA 18:9)

I. Kochno-venerologicheskij klinike (dir. - doktor med. nauk prof. V.Ya. Arutyunov) Marksist. blistrnog. nauch.-tekhnicheskogo klinicheskogo instituta pri VNIITifm'e.

NAGIBIN, Ya. D.

25716 NAGIBIN, Ya. D. O Prodolzhite-L'nosti Glavnnykh Faz Razvitiya Khlopchatnika.
(Iz Doklada na sessii Akad. nauk. Uz SSR. 1947G.) Dsklady Akad. Nauk
UzSSR No. 4, 1948. s 19-21.-Rezume na uzbek. Yaz.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal Statey, No. 30, Moscow, 1948.

NAGIBIN, Ya.D.; ARABOV, B.

New method for planting cotton. Izv.Otd.est.nauk AN Tadzh.SSR no.11:
13-21 '55. (MLRA 9:10)

1.Otdel khlepkevedstva Akademii nauk Tadzhikskey SSR.
(Cotton growing)

NAGIBIN, YA. D.

USSR/Technical Crops. Oil Plants. Sugar Plants.

M

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 17, 1958, 77744.

Author : Nagibin, Ya. D.; Kasymov, D.K.

Inst :

Title : Care of Cotton in the First Stages of Its Development.

Orig Pub: S. kh. Tadzhikistana, 1956, No 5, 8-11.

Abstract: In investigations conducted in 1956 in the Hissar Valley, it was established that care of cotton in the first stages of its development causes rapid growth tempos of the plants and significantly reduces the duration of the vegetation period. Correct care in the first phases of development of the cotton contributes to the formation of a strong root system, which assures the uninterrupted

Card : 1/2

NAGIBIN, Ya.D., prof.; NURMATOV, A.

Effect of sowing methods on the yield of Sorghum cernuum. *Zemledelie*
25 no.2:32-34 F '63. (MIRA 16:5)
(Varhsh Valley--Sorghum)

NAGIBIN, Ya.D., prof., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk;
KHAYDAROV, E., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Transforming the nature of the S-460 cotton variety. Agro-
biologija no.6:831-835 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Tadzhiskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut, Dushanbe.

NAGIBIN, Ya.D., doktor sel'skokhoz. nauk; KARIMOV, Z., aspirant

Sorgo varieties for the Gissar Valley. Zemledelie 25 no.11:
55-56 N '63.

(MIRA 17:2)

MAGIBIN, Yu. A., Cand Tech Sci — (alias) "For the problem of
fre. ~~rotatory~~ vibr tions in power transmissions of caterpillar
machines. (Study of the vibratory motion of the ~~wheel~~ "driving
wheel --- a terpillar")." L'ob, 1971. 17 pp with schemes

Min of Higher and Secondary Special Education RSFSR. USSR Order
of Lenin and Order of Labor and Banner of Higher Tech School im
Bauman). 100 copies (KL, 38-59, 117)

NAGIBINA, A.G.

PAGE 1 BOOK INFORMATION

Sov/1592

Soviet. **ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ И ПРОДУКЦИЯ ПЛАСТИКОВЫХ МАС**
Издательство «Образцово-исследовательский Институт пластических мас»
Field of Thermosetting Plastic) Moscow, Gosizdatstat, 1959. 39 p.

Printed slip inserted. 1,000 copies printed.

Reporting Agency: Soviet Research Institute Plasticoleinol'skaya
Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh mas.

Mr. V. N. Tsvet'ev, Dr. M. I. Fe. G. Sipko.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for chemical engineers and technicians,
and research chemists interested in thermosetting plastics.

CONTENTS: The collection contains 11 articles which reflect some Soviet efforts
and achievements in synthesizing plastics with special physicochemical properties
and applications in engineering, in petrochemistry, in personal care, and agriculture.
List of 11 articles: Water-sol., heat-, and organic solvents; English, with several
articles in Russian and summary via English.

Author: O. S. (Unknown), S. M. Poltik, and O. S. Novikov. **Реактивы для**
полимеризации масел (Reactive Oils for Polymerization). From this
combination

Author: V. V. Matveev and V. P. Kharitonov. **Электрическая изоляция**
полиэтилена и поливинил [Insulation of Polyethylene and Polyvinyl Plastics]

Author: O. S. (Unknown), and E. P. Matlin. **Теплоизолирующие масла** From
petrol, alcohol and their use in industry

Author: B. D. and L. P. Martyn. **Водо- и жаро-стойкие органические**
изолирующие материалы

Author: B. D. V. I. Palitsyn and Dr. I. Gol'dberg. **Жаро-стойкое**
органическое масло

Author: B. D. and O. S. Shishkin. **А высокостойкое масло** 65

Author: O. S. (Unknown), and V. F. Gorshkov. **Использование**
алкенов в производстве синтетических масел 68

Author: V. S. and A. G. Medved. **Синтетические масла для производ**
стика лакокрасочных

Author: O. E. **Масла и смолы из органических**
веществ

Author: B. D., V. P. Palitsyn, and V. M. Matlin. **Электрическая изоляция**
полиэтилена и стекловолокна из органических масел

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (PP96-1206)

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Sov/1592

87430
S/191/60/000/010/002/017
B004/B060

15.8104

AUTHORS: Akutin, M. S., Gorbunov, V. N., Margaritova, M. F.,
Nagibina, A. G., Rusakova, K. A.

TITLE: Synthetic Thermosetting Resins on the Basis of Low-molecular
Liquid Butadiene - Styrene Copolymers

PERIODICAL: Plasticheskiye massy, 1960, No. 10, pp. 6-8

TEXT: The results of experiments conducted for obtaining low-molecular butadiene-styrene copolymers are described. These copolymers were examined for their usability in the production of thermosetting resins. Divinyl and styrene copolymers were produced by a method developed at the kafedra sinteza polimerov MITKhT im. Lomonosova (Chair of Polymer Synthesis of the Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology imeni Lomonosov) (Ref. 10). [Abstracter's Note: The method is not described here]. The initiators used were benzoyl peroxide, diphenyl ethane hydroperoxide, cumene hydroperoxide. The yield obtained under optimum conditions was 60-65% referred to the monomers. The copolymer contained 20% styrene. The polymerization was performed (a) in inert solvents (hexane, heptane, benzene) or in active

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Synthetic Thermosetting Resins on the Basis of
Low-molecular Liquid Butadiene - Styrene
Copolymers

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B004/B060

solvents (CCl_4); (b) in emulsion by the use of 0.3-10% diperoxide as regulator, sodium salts of various sulfonic acids as emulsifiers, at 5-40°C; (c) in toluene in the presence of metallic sodium (1-10%) at 50-90°C. The low-molecular copolymers obtained were examined for their molecular weight, their double bond content, and their 1,4-bonds (by means of perbenzoic acid), and their hardening capacity was tested at 130-180°C. The copolymers obtained by means of sodium (molecular weight 4000-6000, 21-23% 1,4-bonds) are hardened within 8 hours to form a resin which is insoluble to 94%. The substances polymerized in emulsion (molecular weight 3000-5000) and in solution (molecular weight 1000-3000) (50-52%, 1,4-bonds) remained elastic after 40 hours of hardening and contained only 83-90% of insoluble substances. The glass reinforced plastics produced therefrom were resistant to humidity and had a breakdown voltage of 18.9-32 kv/mm; bending strength of 1080 kg/cm² and a Brinell hardness of 8.9 kg/mm². Epoxidation by means of peracetic acid or perbenzoic acid yielded resins which contained 3-5.3% epoxide groups. hardened on heating within a few hours and were insoluble to 95-95% S. S. Medvedev is mentioned. There are 2 tables and 10 references.

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Synthetic Thermosetting Resins on the Basis of
Low-molecular Liquid Butadiene - Styrene
Copolymers

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S/151/60/000, 010, 002, 011
B004/B070

3 Soviet, 6 US, and 1 British.

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ACCESSION NR: AP4009828

S/0191/64/000/001/0011/0013

AUTHORS: Gorbunov, V. N.; Nagibina, A. G.; Akutin, M. S.

TITLE: Thermally reactive resins based on divinyl polymers

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy*, no. 1, 1964, 11-13

TOPIC TAGS: divinyl oligomer, divinyl styrene oligomer,
divinyl oligomer hardening, divinyl oligomer curing, dienol S.,
thermosetting divinyl oligomer, thermosetting
resin , cast polymer , laminated plastic

ABSTRACT: The conditions for preparing divinyl and divinyl-styrene oligomers and thermally reactive compositions based thereon were investigated. The divinyl and styrene are polymerized over metallic sodium at 40-90°C to form oligomers having a molecular weight of 1500-20,000. Optimum conditions for hardening the divinyl oligomers include the addition of a vinyl monomer (about 50% vinyl toluene), 4-6 wt.% of dicumyl peroxide initiator and hardening at 150-170°C. The exotherms of gelation at various temperatures are presented. These resins have high physical-mechanical property indices. They

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